Rapid Acceleration of Diagnostics (RADx)

August 18, 2020

RADx Tech COVID-19 Webinar Series: As the coronavirus unfolds...



Introduction

Returning to Normal Activities: A Modeling Tool to Assist in Planning

Today we will discuss a modeling tool that provides guidance on possible mitigation and testing approaches to reduce the spread of COVID-19 within an organization.

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NIH RADx Initiative for COVID-19

- Rapidly produce innovative SARS-CoV-2 diagnostic tests that will assist the public's safe return to normal activities
- Support the full range of product development including commercialization and product distribution/deployment
- Recognition that other mitigation strategies impact test deployment strategy
- Model focused on Semi-contained Communities (e.g. companies, schools)











NOTE: No amount of testing or mitigation strategies can reduce the organization's infection rate below the community rate









Rate of becoming infected









infected









of days an infected person is contagious

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Levers for Control

Rate of moving people *into* the purple box

Social Distancing = reduce R₀

De-densification

- Improve hygiene Masks
- Restrict movement/mobility

$R_0 \le 1 + S_y + T_F D$

Rate of moving people **out** of the purple box

Testing + Isolating:

- Contact tracing
- Find high centrality people (people that infect many others)
- Find high centrality locations (hot spots)
- Health screening

Masks

(See "Who was that masked man?" post for details)

MIT INSTITUTE FOR DATA, SYSTEMS, AND SOCIETY

https://idss.mit.edu/research/idss-covid-19-collaboration-isolat/

Model Demonstration

A testing approach to reduce the spread of COVID-19 within your organization

| TESTING INFORMATION | | | | | |
|--|-------|---|--|--|--|
| How many people need to be tested? | 2000 |] | | | |
| If your employees will be paid for sample acquisition and/or testing time, what is the ave. hourly wage of those people (\$)? (If not, enter "0".) | \$ 25 | | | | |
| If you are paying people to acquire samples and/or perform testing, what is the hourly wage of those people(\$)? (If not, enter "0".) | \$ 40 | | | | |
| What percentage of people in your organization wear masks [%] | 50 | % | | | |
| Does your organization have a <u>robust contact tracing program</u> ? | No | | | | |
| Does your organization have communal dining (e.g. a cafeteria) or other communal unmasked activities? | Yes | | | | |
| ASSUMPTIONS: | | | | | |

Robust Contact Tracing: Find, test, and isolate - assumed INTERNAL contact tracing program.

Testing is spaced evenly across five days a week.

Lost wages include time for queuing (5min), sampling, and follow on testing of those that test positive (8 hrs lost)

| TEST OPTIONS (UNDER 'TYPICAL' CONDITIONS) | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Test 1 POC instrument- based antigen test from nasal sample | Test 2 POC molecular test (e.g. PCR) from NP or nasal sample | Test 3 Testing contracted to lab with organization | Test 4 Testing contracted to central lab including sampling | | | |
| Does test meet needed turnaround time | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | | | |
| Number of people to be tested in a day | 1000 | 1000 | 667 | 667 | | | |
| # people needing confirmatory test daily | 22 | 20 | 20 | 20 | | | |
| Recommended max days between tests/person | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | | | |
| Number of instruments required | 32 | 32 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| Total instrument capital cost | \$56,000 | \$320,000 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| Staff required | 12 | 12 | 5 | 5 | | | |
| Cost per test | \$41.84 | \$43.84 | \$92.40 | \$102.40 | | | |
| Daily test cost | \$41,840 | \$43,840 | \$61,630 | \$68,300 | | | |
| Daily lost wage cost | \$7,808 | \$7,375 | \$6,253 | \$6,253 | | | |
| Daily tracing cost | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | | | |
| Expected number of infected people at home / day | 16 | 17 | 16 | 16 | | | |

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QUESTIONS

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